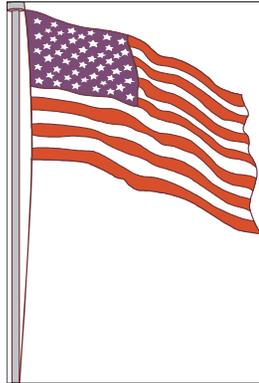


Grant County Community Corrections



HISTORY

On May 15, 1981 Grant County Community Corrections was established by county ordinance, with by-laws established by a Community Corrections Advisory Board. The Advisory Board is made up of community leaders who establish guidelines and goals.

MISSION STATEMENT

To provide local alternatives to incarceration at the state level consistent with our priorities of:

- * Public safety;
- * Offender accountability, rehabilitation and reintegration;
- * Promotion of prevention activities;
- * Coordination of community resources that involves assessment of offender needs with development and implementation of programs designed to address these needs.



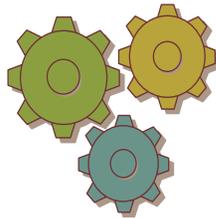
Community Service

Community Service provides selected individuals designated by the court as a work force for non-profit organizations. The community is served while increasing offender job skills and minimizing the risk of further offense to the community.



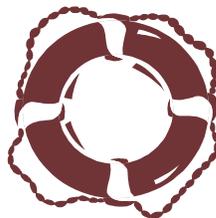
Inmate Work Crews

Inmate Work Crews provide a service to the community which also increases the offender's job skills, work ethics, personal dignity and prepares the offender/inmate for future employment within the community.



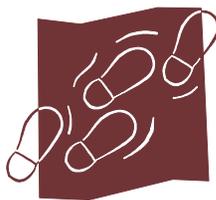
Work Release

Work Release provides incarcerated offenders with the opportunity to obtain/maintain employment while minimizing risk to the community and maximizing the opportunity for rehabilitation for the incarcerated offenders.



Jail Addictions Treatment Project

Jail Addictions Treatment Project provides chemical dependency treatment for inmates. Program focuses on cognitive therapy for criminal and addictive behavior -impulsiveness- and teaches offenders to stop and think through a situation before acting.



Project Step Out

Project Step Out provides incarcerated inmates at the Department of Correction the opportunity to return to Grant County. Clients serve the completion of their sentence in jail to receive services (education, group therapy, family education) and referral to available community resources.



Home Detention

Home Detention provides an alternative to incarceration for offenders able to

provide for themselves and their family. Home Detention minimizes the risk to the community and offers the opportunity for rehabilitation by referral to community resources.

NEW IN 1998

Truancy Intervention Program



The Truancy Intervention Program or TIP is a preventative program to combat truancy in grades 1-4. This program provides an investigator from the prosecutors office to follow up on possible truants and a probation officer to provide supervision of parents/students who are violating compulsory school attendance law. Parental/student contracts are used in the court process.

S.H.O.C.A.P. and S.A.F.E.P.O.L.I.C.Y.

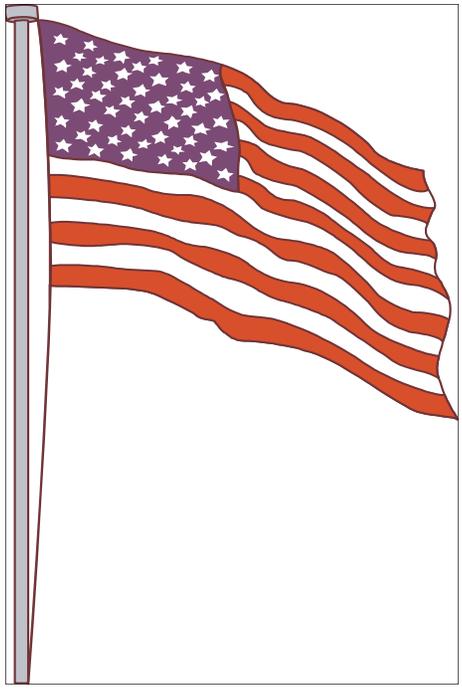


In May of 1995 community impactors agreed that the issues of "at risk" youth, juvenile delinquency, and habitual offenders were community problems, and these problems could only be effectively addressed by a community based cooperative effort. This cooperative effort would only be effective if it were to include schools, prosecutor, probation, police, juvenile court, welfare, and parole. To insure success the broader base of all agencies providing juvenile services would need to be included. The need for a coordination of information, communication and the management of the habitual offender (SHO) cases establishes a definite justification for a position to coordinate the collaboration of this project to ensure services to both the "at risk" and habitual offender. This coordinator facilitates a meeting format and a communication network to strengthen juvenile services. This effort will reflect a reduction in juvenile crime and create a safer community.

For More Information Contact

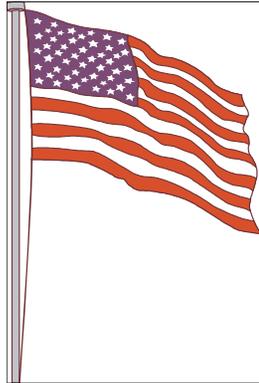
Grant County Community Corrections
401 South Adams Street
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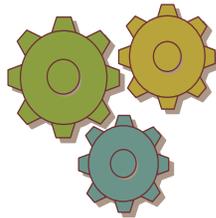
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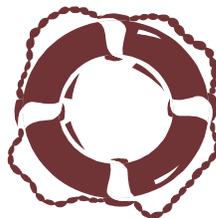
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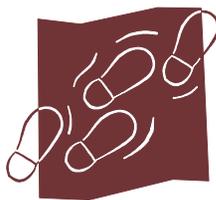
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NEW IN 2002

“Thinking For A Change”



The “Thinking for a Change” program works with offenders’ thinking in order to change their actions that lead to criminal activity.

We cannot expect people to change their behavior unless we first teach them how to become aware of their thinking and see a reason to change.

This program works with offenders to increase their awareness of self and others.

S.H.O.C.A.P. and S.A.F.E.P.O.L.I.C.Y.



S.H.O.C.A.P. , S.A.F.E.P.O.L.I.C.Y. and Care Coordination Team provide a three prong approach to dealing with juveniles in Grant County. SHOCAP deals with offenders who represent a high risk to the community due to severe criminal activity. SAFE POLICY deal with children who are “at risk” within the schools. Care Coordination Team meets twice a month to review juvenile cases and look to broker services to juveniles who are in the greatest need of support.

“TAP”

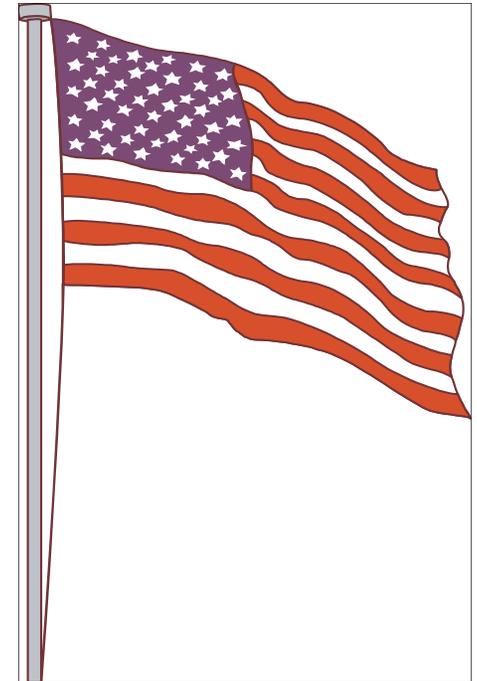
(Transportation Assistance Program)

TAP is a program which works in conjunction with the Indiana Women’s Prison. The goal of TAP is to provide children transportation so they can visit their mothers who are in prison. Research continues to show that maintaining a bond between mother and child reduces future risk.

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Mission:

Grant County Correctional Services increases public safety by providing court services and programs aimed at motivating offenders towards positive citizenship.

Philosophy:

The Grant County Circuit and Superior Court judges adopted as an operational philosophy the principles of effective interventions as follows:

- Programs should be intensive and behavioral in nature.
- Programs should target known predictors of crime.
- Behavioral programs will use standardized assessments to identify the risk level, need level, and responsivity issues of offenders.
- Programs should match the characteristics of the offender, therapists, and program.
- Program contingencies and behavioral strategies should be enforced in a firm but fair manner.
- Programs should have well-qualified and well-trained staff who can relate to the offenders.
- Programs should provide relapse prevention strategies.
- Programs should adhere to a high degree of advocacy and brokerage with other agencies in the community.



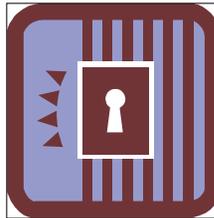
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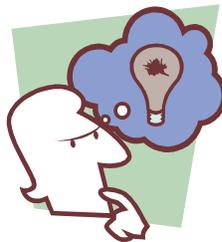
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“First Thought Right” Day Reporting

The Day Reporting Center (DRC) is a “one stop shop” that provides evidence based services within an offender’s structured day. Utilizing a cognitive-behavioral approach, the center combines services and community monitoring to serve medium/high-risk offenders.



Thinking For A Change

T4C works with offenders’ thinking in order to change their actions that lead to criminal activity. This program works with offenders to increase their awareness of self and others.

New January 2008



***Reentry Intensive Supervision Court
(RISC)***

“The road to Reentry begins at sentencing.” This is a term that Grant County has embraced as part of our establishment of a coordinated system that uses local resources to target transitioning offenders. Under the direction of Judge Jeffrey D. Todd, we use a combination of the Drug Court model and the “Transition from Prison to Community Initiative” TPCI Model from NIC.

Goal: Grant County Reentry Court will increase public safety and recidivism reduction for offenders returning from incarceration.

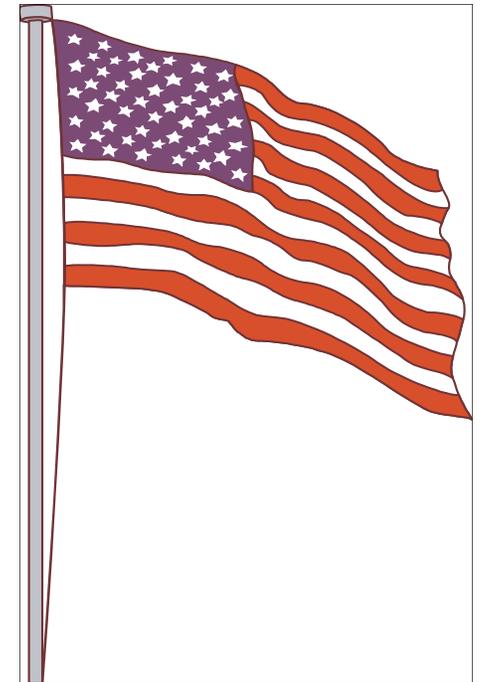
Objectives:

- 1) **Promote public safety:** Grant County sentences only the most serious offenders to the Department; therefore, we have a responsibility to assure that public safety is not compromised when they return to the community.
- 2) **Recidivism reduction:** Reentry is a process that provides for an effective transition from risk control to risk reduction by using community resources to target individual offender’s criminogenic needs.

For More Information Contact

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**“Public Protection Through
Effective Risk Reduction”**

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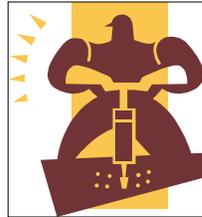
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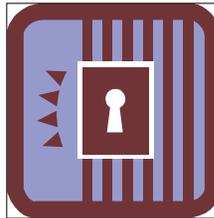
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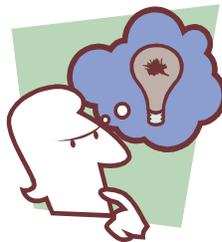
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Goal: Grant County Reentry Court will increase public safety and recidivism reduction for offenders returning from incarceration.

Objectives:

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2) **Recidivism reduction:** Reentry is a process that provides for an effective transition from risk control to risk reduction by using community resources to target individual offender’s criminogenic needs.



NEW IN 2010 Seamless Reentry Project

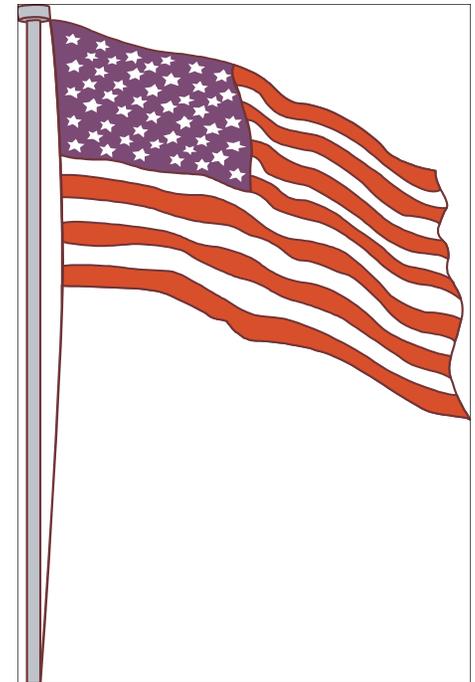
There has been a proliferation of Reentry Projects nationally and ever increasing models to address offender recidivism. These projects offer a unique ability to focus on various offender needs. In Indiana, a new movement is engaging new legislation that allows for the creation of Reentry Courts. Grant County’s Reentry Intensive Supervision Court(RISC) combines judicial oversight with community services in order to increase the effectiveness of clients participating in the Day Reporting Center. What has not occurred up to this point is the planning and coordinating necessary to create a seamless reentry project that provides coordinated case management from the date of sentencing, incarceration, and finally return to community. This is all done through a seamless case plan that follows the offender until final release from supervision or plan completion. Video Conferencing is taking this project to a new Level.

The target population for this project is sentenced adult felons who are moderate to high risk offenders (determined by the LSI-R score of 24 or higher) that meet program criteria AND are returning to grant county from the Indiana Department of Correction.

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